

HBM Healthcare Investments AG

24. Juni 2019

18. Ordentliche Generalversammlung

HBM Healthcare Investments AG

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Präsentation: Finanzteil

Erwin Troxler

Finanzchef





209 Mio.

▶ Jahresgewinn

- Gewinnbeiträge durch private und kotierte Unternehmen
- 18.1% Wertsteigerung beim Net Asset Value

▶ Total Return auf dem Aktienkurs

- 17.2% Anstieg des Aktienkurses, plus
- 4.9% durch Barausschüttung

22.1%

> 1 Mia.

▶ Kumulierte Gewinne über die letzten sechs Jahre

- Verdreifachung des Net Asset Values und beinahe Vervierfachung des Aktienpreises im gleichen Zeitraum

- **Nennwertrückzahlung von** **CHF 7.50**
- Erhöhung um 50 Rappen gegenüber dem Vorjahr
 - Dividendenrendite von 4.4% p.a.

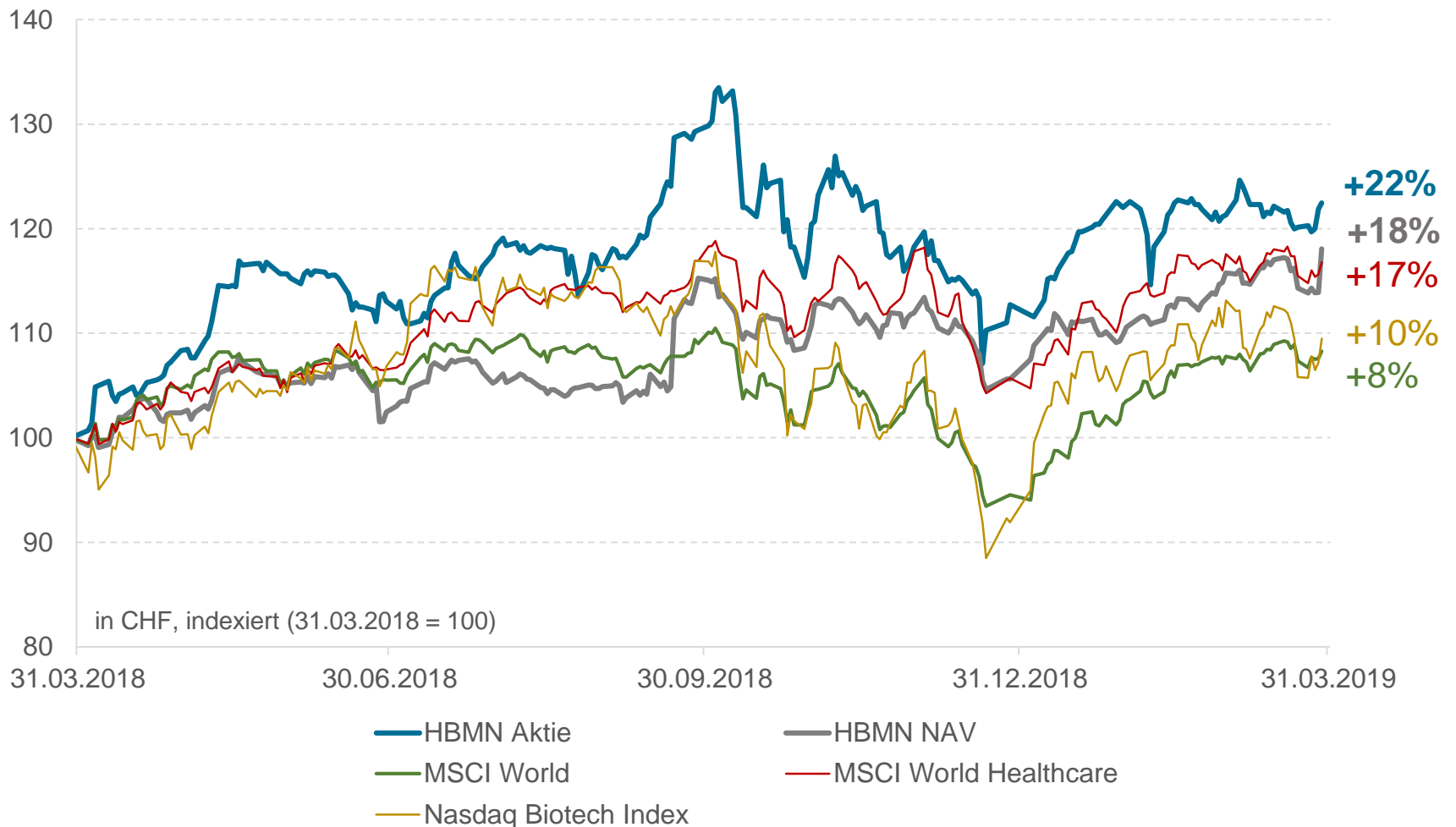
141 Mio.

- **Investitionen in private Unternehmen**
- CHF 114 Mio. Neuinvestitionen (inkl. Tranchen)
 - CHF 27 Mio. Folgefinanzierungen

Ausblick

- **Portfolio von hoher Qualität**
- Ausgewogenes Portfolio von privaten und kotierten Unternehmen mit hohem Wertpotenzial

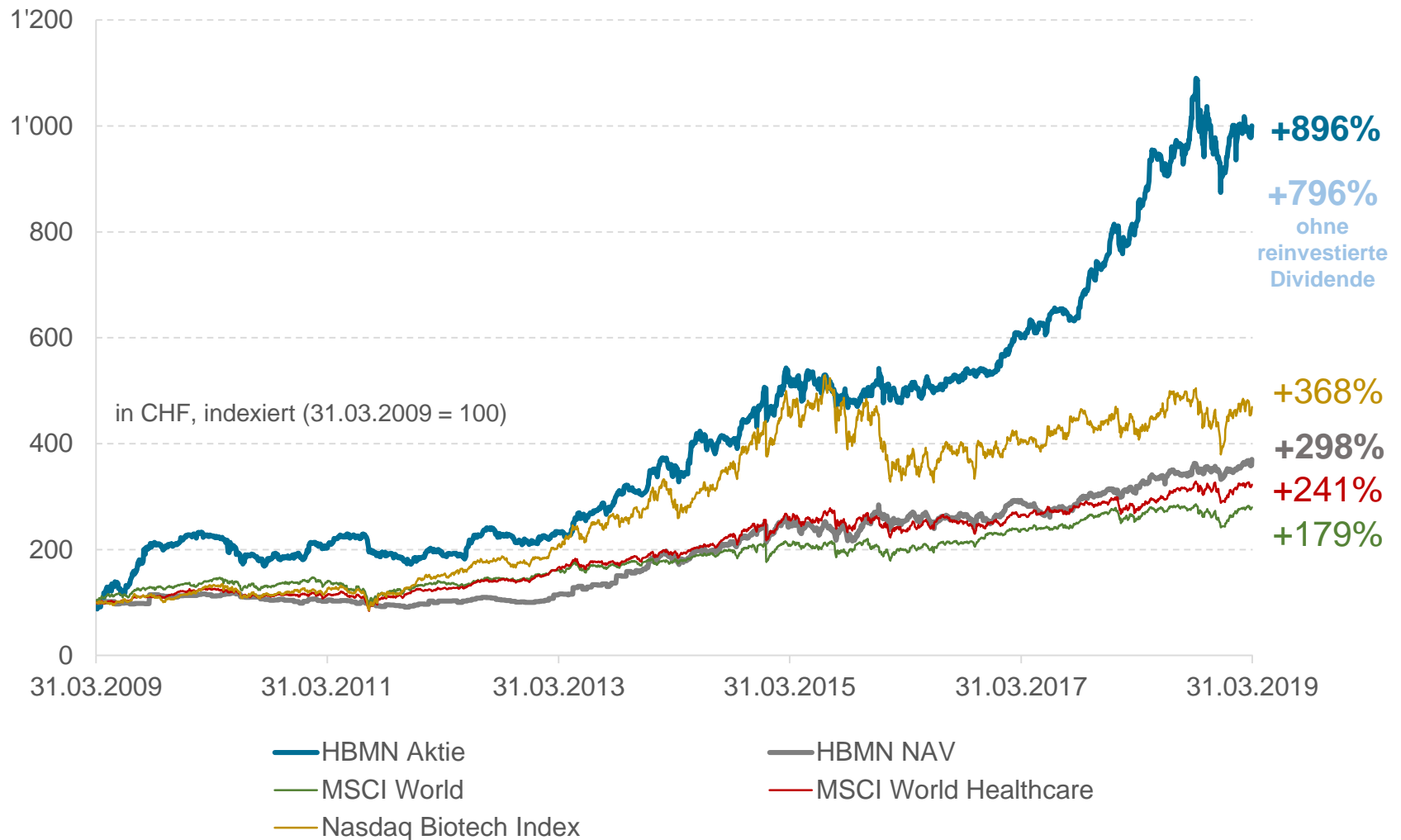
Wertentwicklung 2018/2019 im Marktvergleich



Quelle: Bloomberg Total Return (Dividenden reinvestiert)

Wertentwicklung über 10 Jahre im Marktvergleich

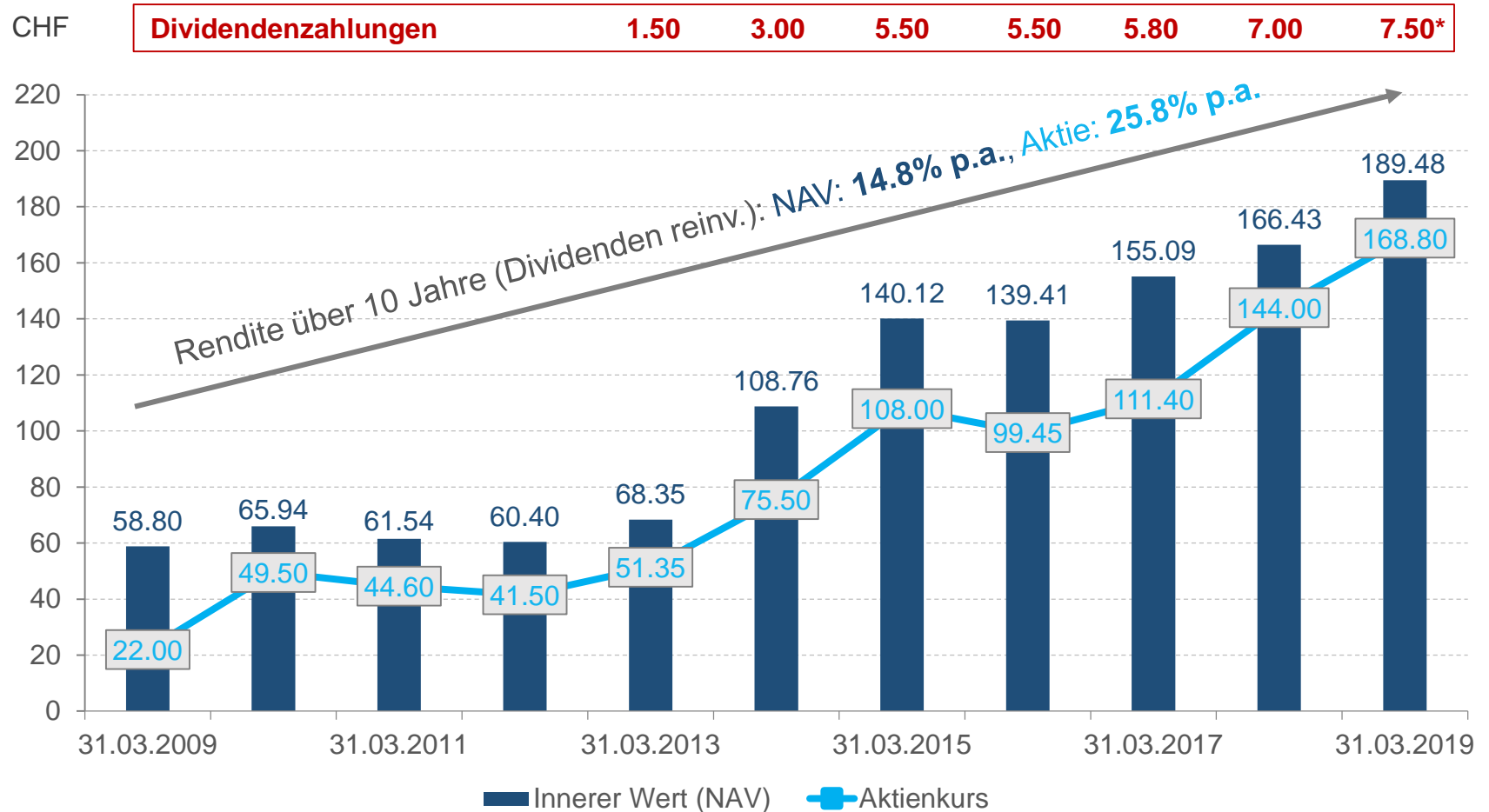
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Quelle: Bloomberg Total Return (Dividenden reinvestiert)

Entwicklung NAV, Aktienkurs und Dividenden über 10 Jahre

(*in CHF, Antrag an die Generalversammlung)



Bilanz per 31. März 2019 (IFRS und konsolidiert)

10

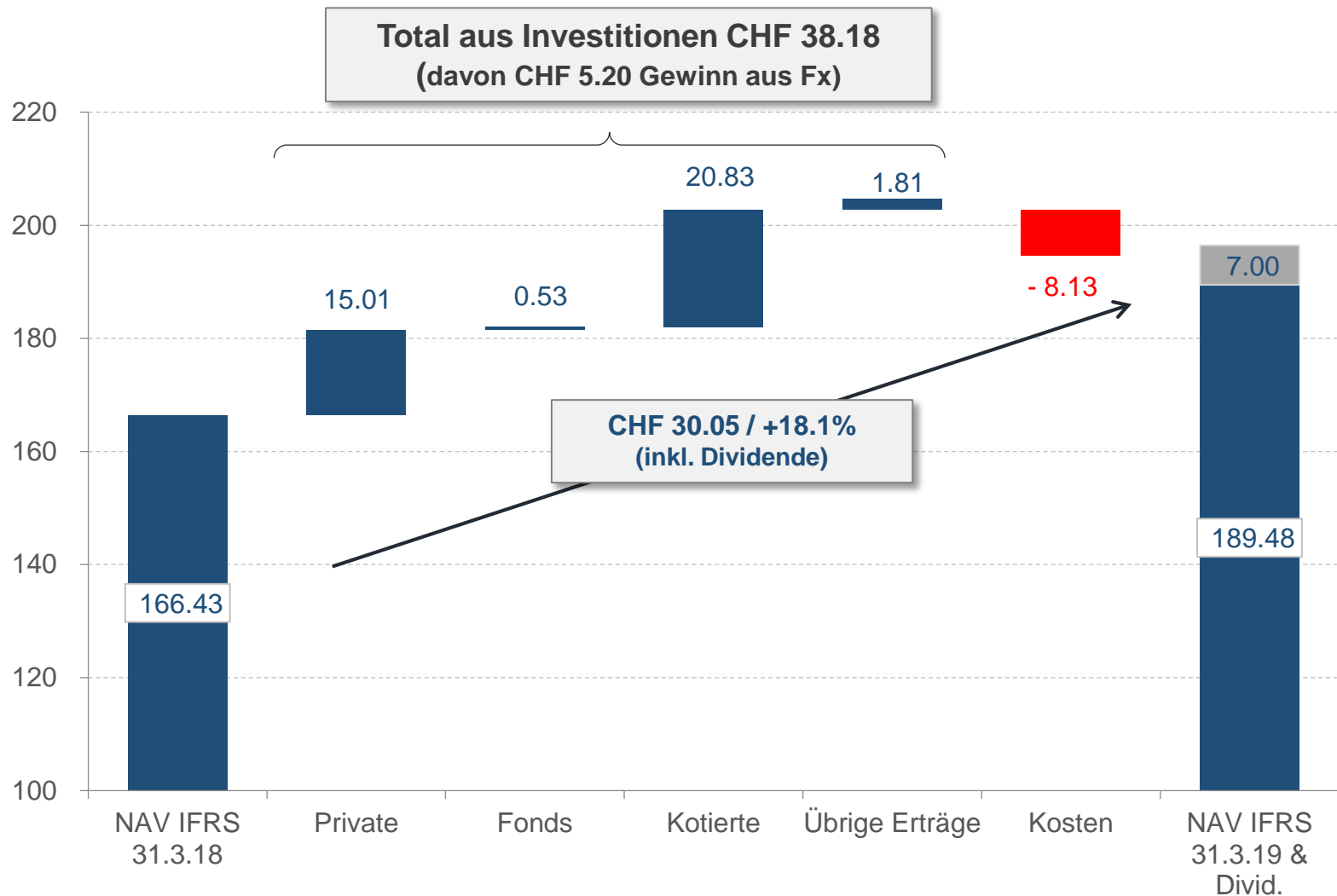
AKTIVEN	31.3.19 IFRS CHF m	31.3.19 kons. CHF m	31.3.18 kons. CHF m	PASSIVEN	31.3.19 IFRS CHF m	31.3.19 kons. CHF m	31.3.18 kons. CHF m
Flüssige Mittel	4.8	268.4	220.1	Finanzinstrumente	-	92.2	147.6
Forderungen	-	0.5	0.4	Erfolgsabhängige Entschädigung	2.0	33.9	17.0
Finanzinstrumente	-	0.3	3.1	Sonstige Verbindlichkeiten	2.5	3.5	3.0
				Total kurzfr. Verbindlichkeiten	4.5	129.6	167.6
<i>Finanzanlagen:</i>							
Beteiligung an Tochter	1'417.4	-	-	Finanzverbindlichkeiten	99.4	99.4	99.2
- Private Unternehmen	-	409.6	288.4	Total langfr. Verbindlichkeiten	99.4	99.4	99.2
- Fonds	-	132.6	125.6				
- Kotierte Unternehmen	-	688.2	750.0	Total Eigenkapital	1'318.3	1'302.6	1'150.5
Übrige Aktiven	-	32.0	29.7				
Total Assets	1'422.2	1'531.6	1'417.3	Total Passiven	1'422.2	1'531.6	1'417.3
Innerer Wert je Aktie (NAV) in CHF					189.48	189.77	166.59
Anzahl ausstehende Aktien					6'957'090	6'864'110	6'905'679

Erfolgsrechnung für GJ 2018/2019 (IFRS und konsolidiert)

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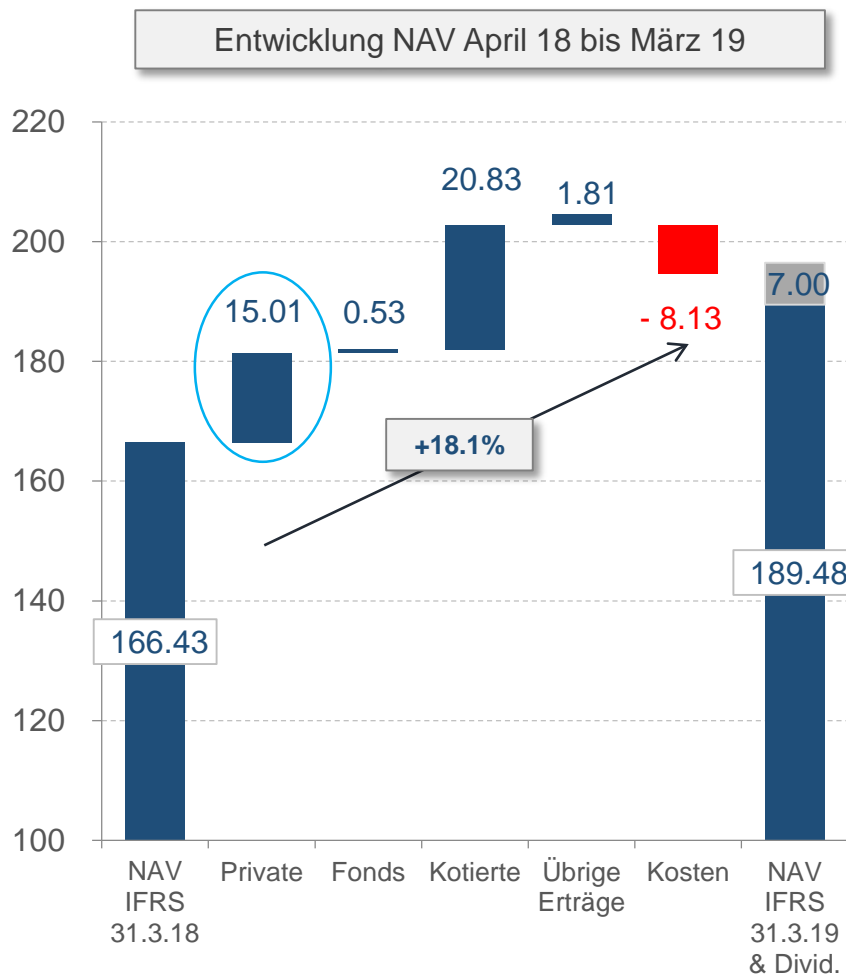
Erfolgsrechnung	2018/19 IFRS CHF m	2018/19 kons. CHF m	2017/18 kons. CHF m
Wertveränderung und Dividende aus Beteiligung	215.5	-	-
Nettoergebnis auf Finanzanlagen und -instrumenten	-	253.3	190.9
Ergebnis aus Devisen- und Marktabsicherung	-	-0.1	-30.0
Ergebnis aus übrigen Vermögenswerten	-	10.2	-10.3
Total Ergebnis aus Investitionstätigkeit	215.5	263.4	150.6
Verwaltungsgebühr	-	-17.3	-14.3
Erfolgsabhängige Entschädigung Investitionsberater	-	-31.9	-15.9
Sonstiger Aufwand (davon CHF 2.1m variable Vergütung VR)	-4.0	-5.2	-4.1
Total Verwaltungsaufwand	-4.0	-54.4	-34.3
Finanzergebnis	-2.4	-2.4	-2.5
Total Jahresergebnis	209.1	206.6	113.8

Veränderung Innerer Wert je Aktie 2018/2019



Veränderung Innerer Wert je Aktie 2018/2019 Private Unternehmen

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Private Unternehmen

Gew./Verl. in CHF m in CHF je Aktie

Verkäufe und Börsengänge

Y-mAbs Therapeutics	15.9	2.29
Aptinyx	6.4	0.92
Principia Biopharma	1.7	0.24

Finanzierungsrunden

Cathay Industrial Biotech	37.8	5.43
Neurelis	20.2	2.90
Sai Life Sciences	10.6	1.52
1mg	8.5	1.22
ConnectRN	2.6	0.37

Wertanpassungen

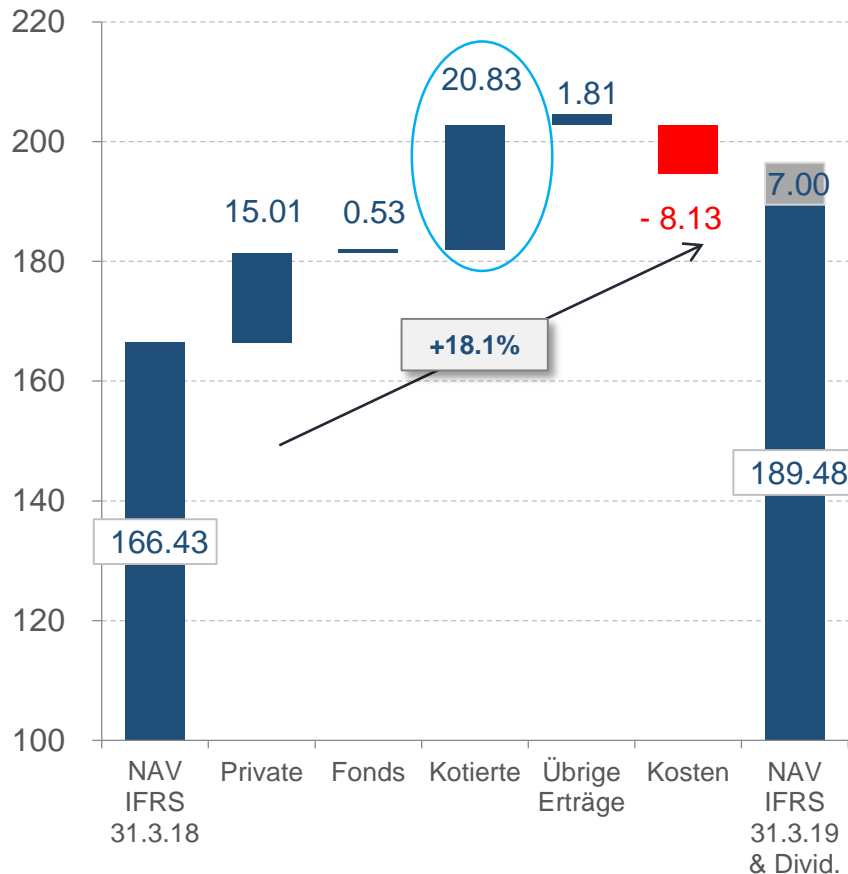
Valcare	2.9	0.42
Iconic Therapeutics	-1.8	-0.26
Amphora	-1.7	-0.24
Vascular	-1.2	-0.17
Übrige Investitionen	2.6	0.37

Total Private Unternehmen	104.5	15.01
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Veränderung Innerer Wert je Aktie 2018/2019 Kotierte Unternehmen

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Entwicklung NAV April 18 bis März 19



Kotierte Unternehmen

Kotierte Unternehmen	Gew./Verl. in CHF m	in CHF je Aktie
M&A und Börsengänge		
ARMO BioSciences (Eli Lilly)	22.3	3.21
Avexis (Novartis)	8.5	1.22
Tesaro (GSK)	8.5	1.22
Marktpreisveränderungen		
Y-mAbs Therapeutics (nach Börsengang)	33.7	4.84
Ultragenyx Pharmaceutical	20.0	2.87
Argenx	19.3	2.77
Principia Biopharma (nach Börsengang)	18.1	2.60
BioArctic	16.7	2.40
RA Pharmaceuticals	16.2	2.33
Immunomedics	11.5	1.65
Pacira	10.6	1.52
Esperion	-12.1	-1.74
Puma Biotechnology	-8.0	-1.15
Aptinyx (nach Börsengang)	-7.5	-1.08
Nicox	-7.3	-1.05
Übrige	-5.4	-0.78
Total kotierte Unternehmen	145.1	20.83

Übernahmen im GJ 2018/2019

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Armo Biosciences

(Börsengang im Januar 2018; Übernahme durch Eli Lilly für USD 1.6 Milliarden im Mai 2018)

- Immunonkologie;
- **Investition von USD 22 Mio.** seit Februar 2016 (\$14 je Aktie);
- Wert der Position von USD 79 Mio. auf Grundlage des Übernahmepreises
- Gesamtgewinn von USD 57 Mio.; Multiple auf investiertem Kapital von **3.6x**;



Übernahme durch Novartis (Gewinn \$17m)



Übernahme durch GSK (Verlust \$4m)

Börsengänge

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Y-mAbs Therapeutics (Börsengang im September 2018)

- Entwicklung neuer Antikörper gegen Krebserkrankungen;
- Investition von **USD 23 Mio. 2017 für 8% Beteiligung** am Unternehmen (\$9.35 je Aktie);
- Börsengang im September 2018 zu \$16 je Aktie;
- Total real. und unreal. Gewinne per Ende März 2019 USD 48.5 Mio.;
- Aktueller Kurs \$20, Marktkapitalisierung USD 698 Mio.



Principia Biopharma (Börsengang im September 2018)



- Plattform mit Medikamenten im klinischen Stadium für Autoimmunerkrankungen;
- **Investition von USD 12 Mio.** im August 2018 für \$14.38 je Aktie;
- Börsengang im September 2018 zu \$17 je Aktie;
- Total real. und unreal. Gewinne per Ende März 2019 USD 19.7 Mio.;
- Aktueller Kurs \$29, Marktkapitalisierung USD 697 Mio.

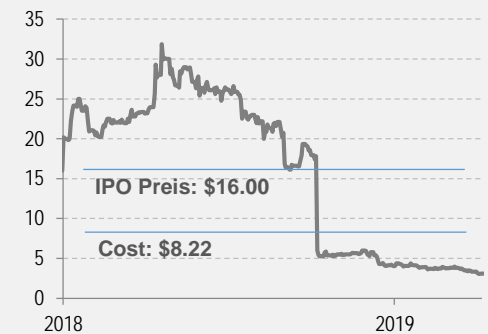
Börsengänge

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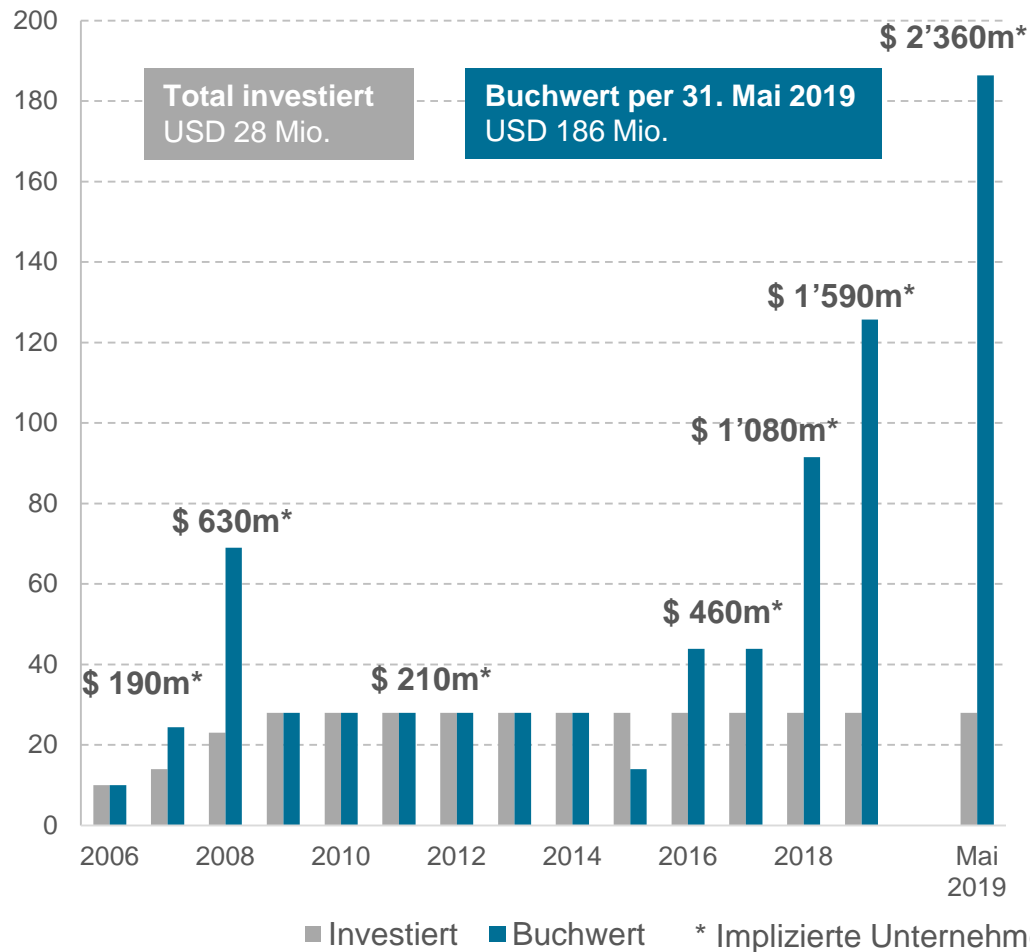
Aptinyx (Börsengang im Juni 2018)

- Behandlung von neurologischen Erkrankungen;
- Investition von **USD 6.5 Mio. Im Dezember 2017** (\$8.22 je Aktie);
- Börsengang im Juni 2018 zu \$16 je Aktie; zusätzliche Investition von USD 2 Mio.
- 1/5 der Position verkauft zu rund \$23 je Aktie
- Total real. und unreal. Verlust per Ende März 2019 USD 1.3 Mio.;
- Aktueller Kurs \$3, Marktkapitalisierung USD 104 Mio.



Cathay Industrial Biotech (Privat)

CHF Mio.



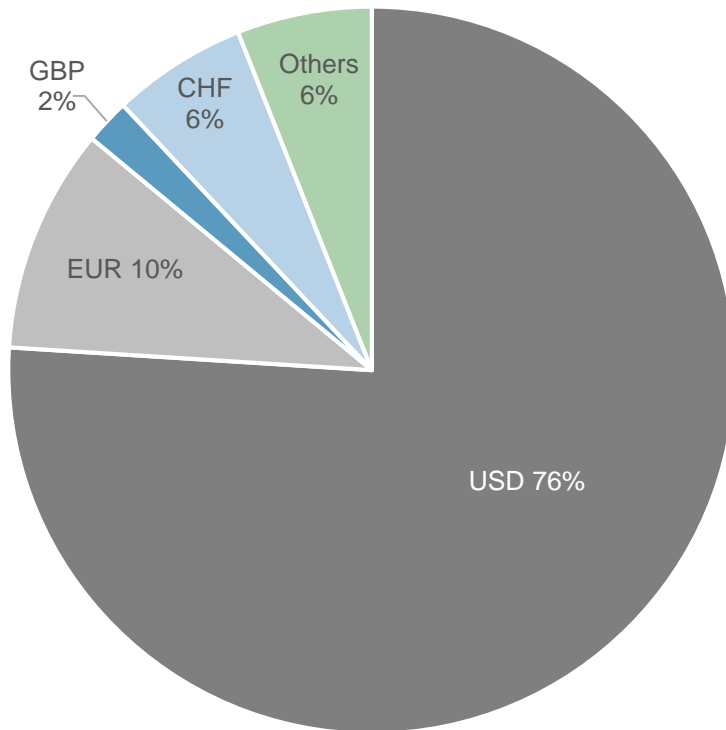
Industrial Biotech ersetzt konventionelle Produktionsprozesse mit biotechnologischen Methoden. Das Ziel ist es, durch weniger Energie- und Rohstoffinput die Kosten zu senken und gleichzeitig höhere Qualität und bessere Eigenschaften des Endproduktes zu erreichen.

Wichtigste Kunden weltweit:

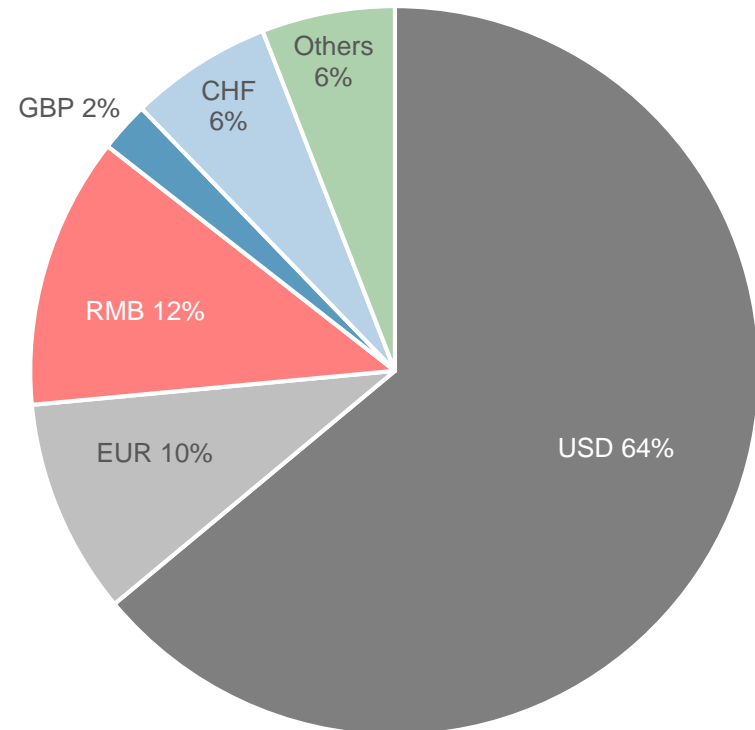


Veränderung der Währungsallokation durch Wechsel der Investitionswährung von Cathay

Cathay in USD



Cathay in RMB



Quelle: HBM, Daten per 31 May 2019, in % des Kapitals

Bedeutende Neuinvestitionen

Total 141 Mio. in private Unternehmen investiert

20



- USD 15 Mio.
- Online Apotheke und Healthcare Service Plattform in China
- Umsatz > \$200m



- USD 12 Mio.
- Onkologie und seltene Erkrankungen
- Lead Programm in Phase 3 (Desmoid Tumor)



- USD 12 Mio.
- Onkologie und seltene Erkrankungen
- Lead Programm in Phase 3 (Pemphigus Vulgaris)
- Börsengang im September 2018



- USD 10 Mio.
- Gezielte Krebstherapien
- Lead Programm in Phase 2/3 (Lungenkrebs)
- Börsengang im April 2019



- EUR 9 Mio. und EUR 6 Mio.
- Diagnose und Therapieüberwachung bei akuten Nierenverletzungen, Herzinsuffizienz und septischen Schocks
- Antikörper zur Behandlung von septischen Schocks

Barausschüttungen und Aktienrückkaufprogramm

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▶ CHF 7.50 je Aktie als Nominalwertrückzahlung

- Auszahlung unterliegt nicht der Schweizer Verrechnungssteuer;
- Keine Einkommenssteuer für Personen mit Wohnsitz in der Schweiz, welche Aktien im Privatvermögen halten;
- Auszahlung erfolgt nach Ablauf der gesetzlichen Fristen, voraussichtlich am 12. September 2019 (ex-date 10. September 2019);

▶ Aktienrückkaufprogramm 2016 per 21. Juni 2019 beendet

- Total 243'910 Aktien im Betrag von CHF 26.9 Mio. erworben (~CHF 110 je Aktie)

▶ Neues Aktienrückkaufprogramm 2019

- Maximal 696'000 Aktien (10% der ausstehenden Aktien) über 3 Jahre

HBM Healthcare Investments AG

18. Ordentliche Generalversammlung

Präsentation: Sektorübersicht, Portfolio und Ausblick

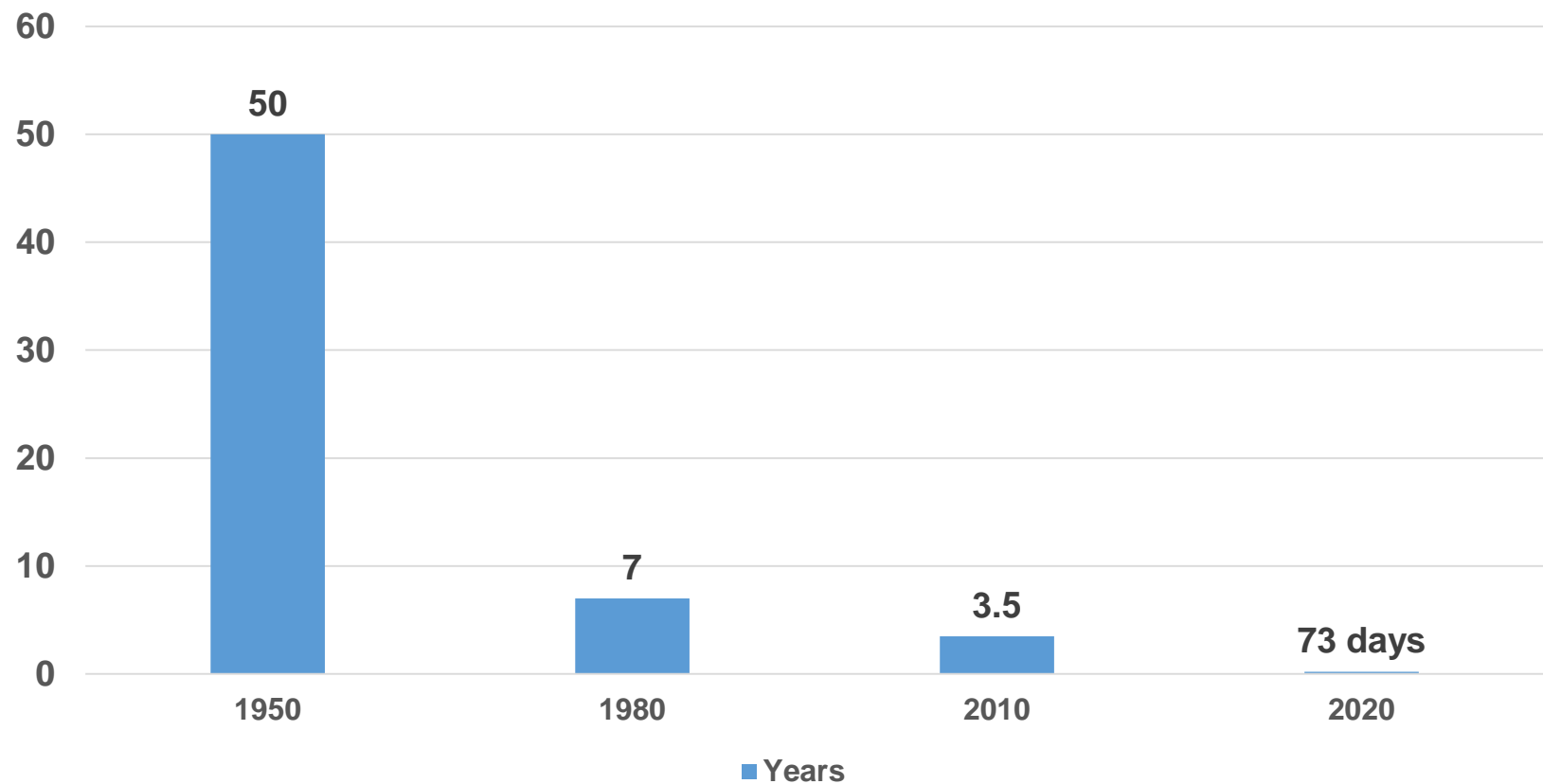
Andreas Wicki

Geschäftsführer

Das medizinische Wissen wächst exponentiell

23

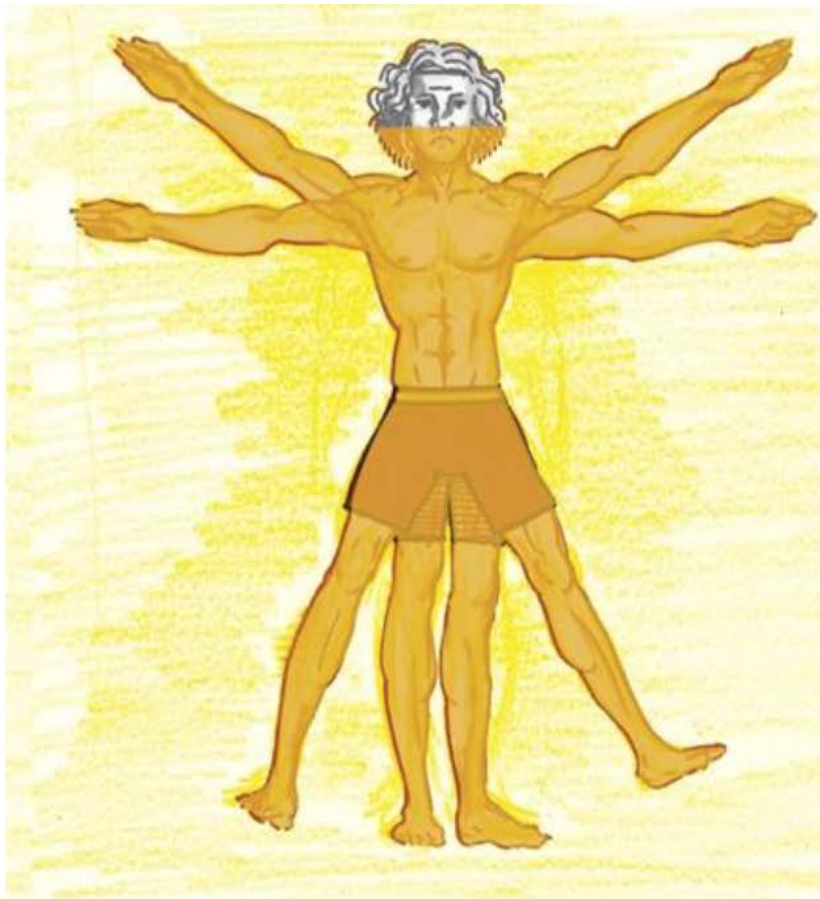
Zeit für die Verdoppelung des medizinischen Wissens



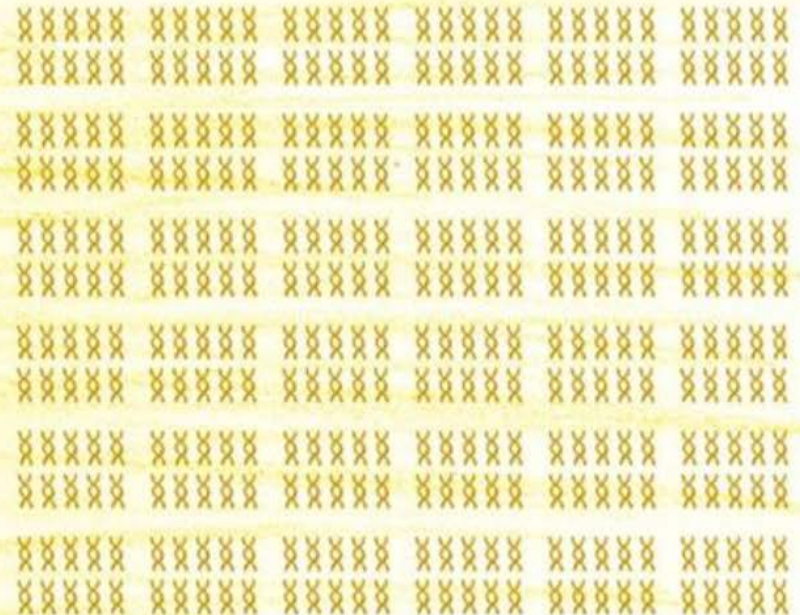
Quelle: 2011 Studie publiziert in Transactions of the American Clinical and Climatological Association

Kleine Unterschiede können enorme Auswirkungen haben

24

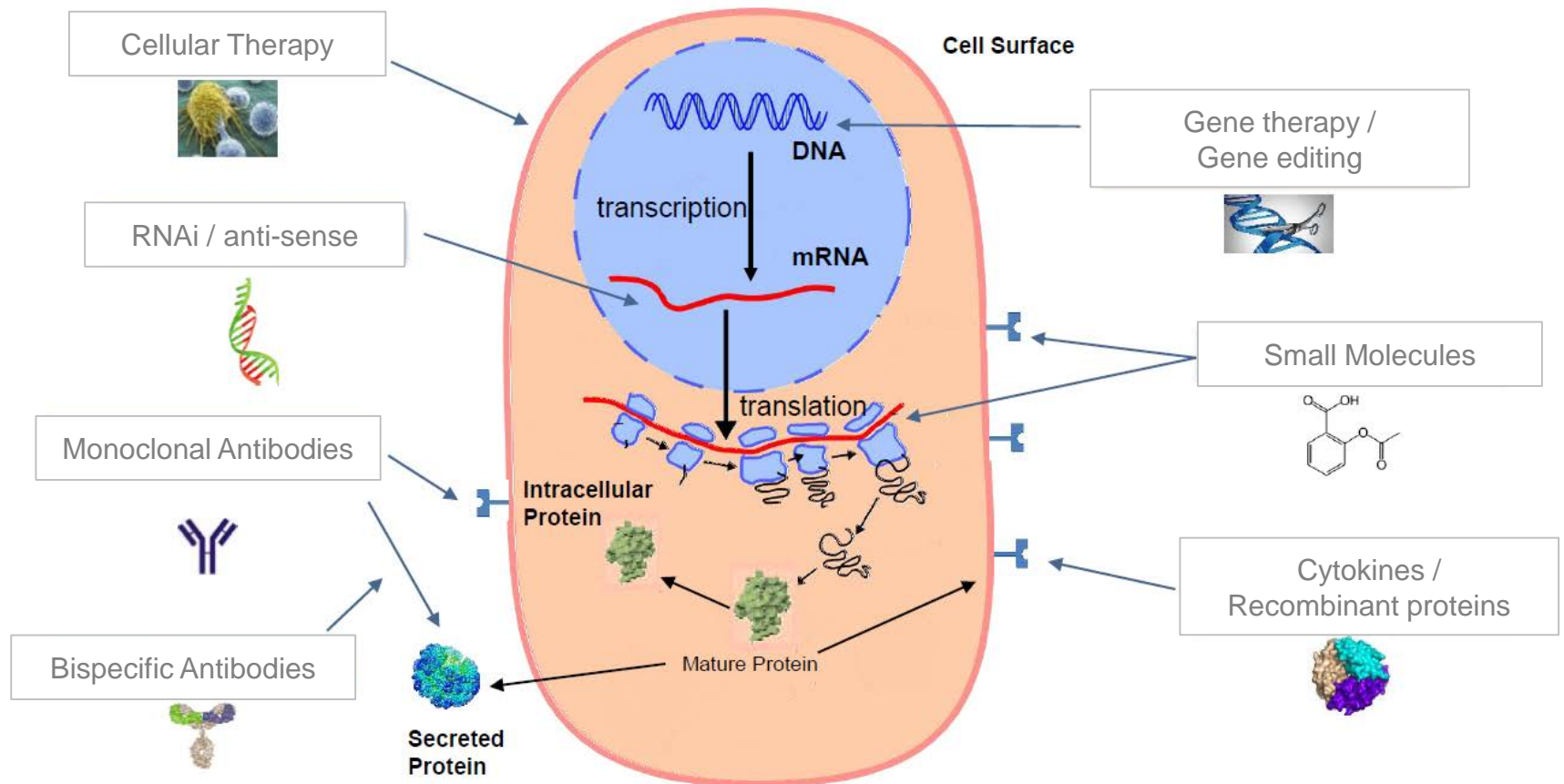


There are estimated **10 trillion nucleated cells** in human body¹, each with its own entire set of genetic information



Source: Sender et al PLOS Biology 2016

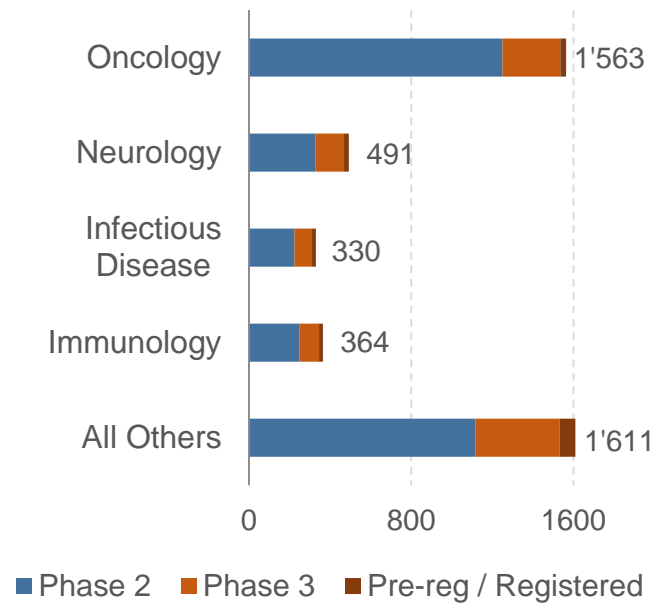
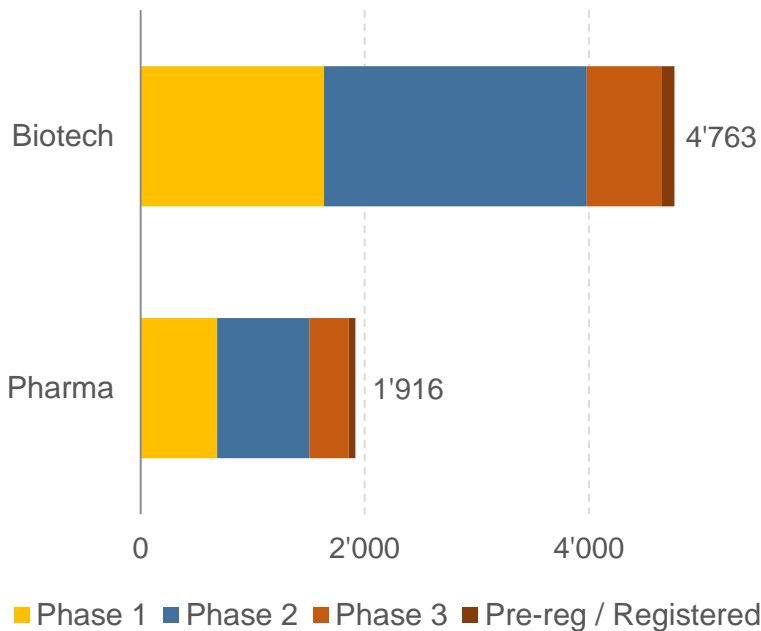
Bestehende und zukünftige Therapieansätze



Über 6'500 Produktkandidaten in der klinischen Entwicklung

26

Anzahl Produktkandidaten

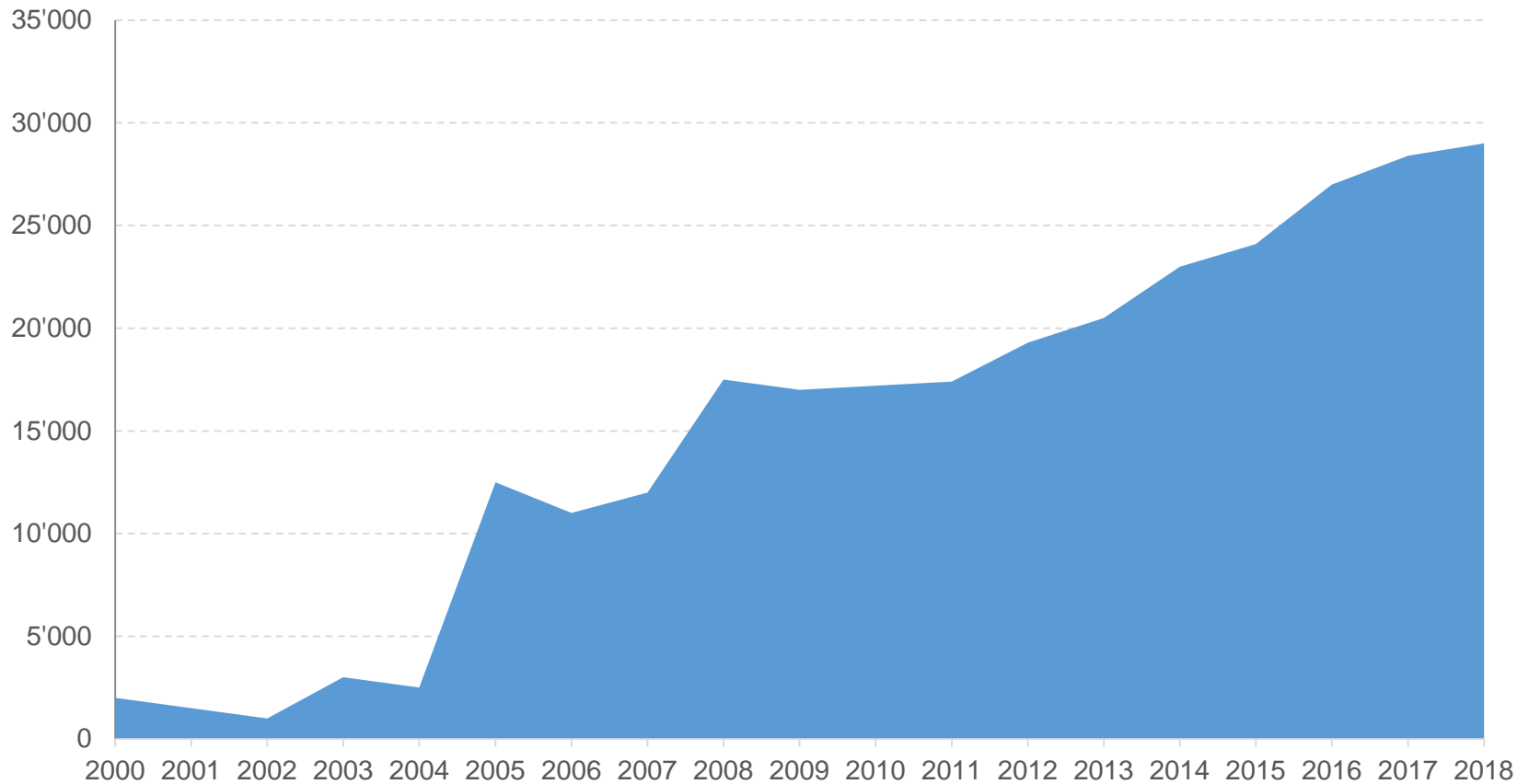


70% aller Produkte stammen von Biotech-Unternehmen

Rund 30'000 klinische Versuchsreihen in der Entwicklung

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Massiver Zuwachs an Klinischen Versuchsreihen seit 2000



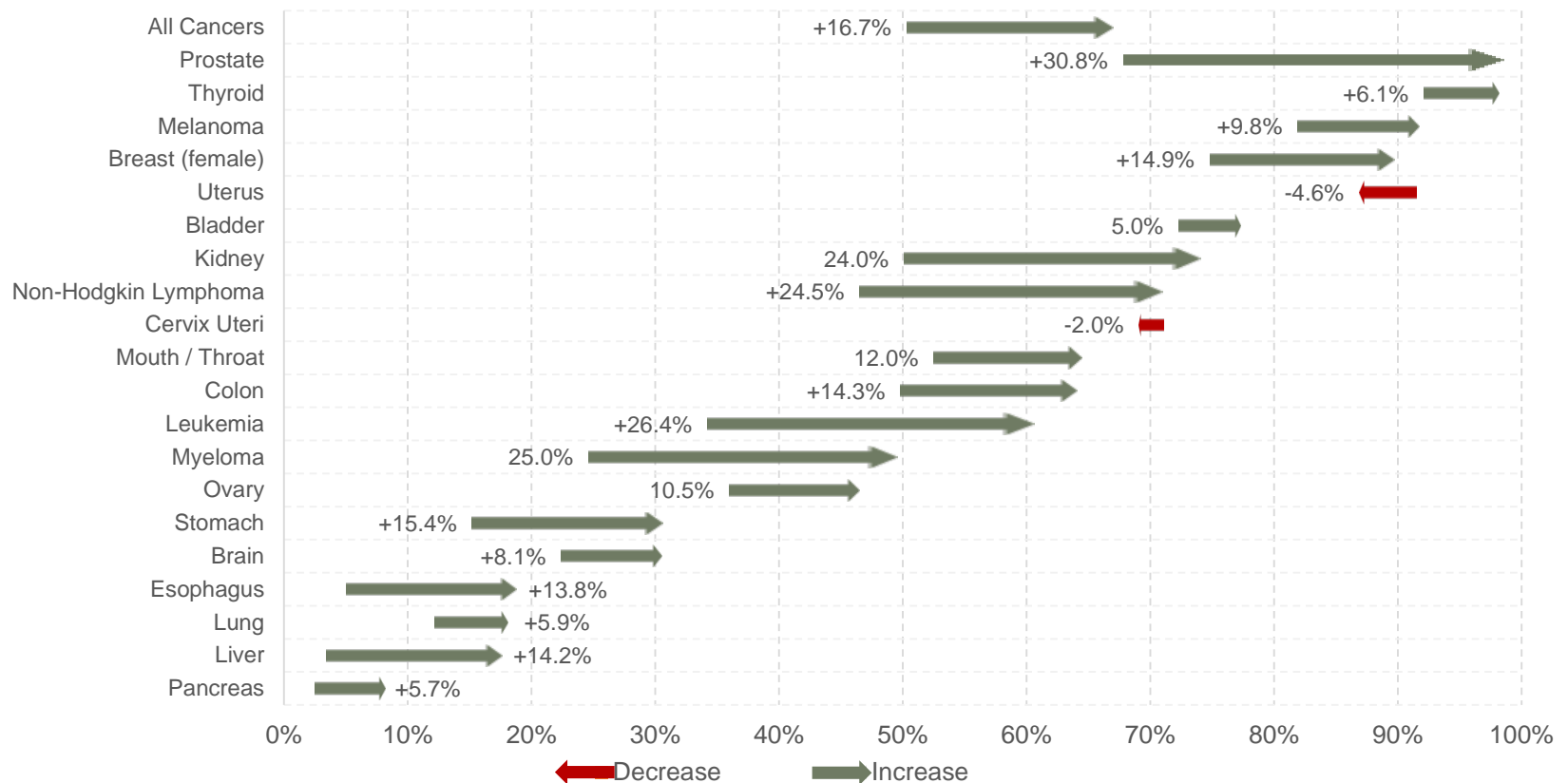
Quelle: Leerink Partners Research, FDA, clinicaltrials.gov (data through 12 Dec 2018)

Und die Resultate lassen sich sehen (Beispiel: Krebs)

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Fortschritte in der Krebs-Therapie







Veränderung der 5-Jahres Überlebensraten verschiedener Krebsarten (USA) für die Perioden von 1970-77 and 2007-13



Quelle: National Cancer Institute; Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results Program (July 2015)

Innovationen stehen bei HBM im Fokus

Frühere oder aktuelle HBM Investitionen

<p>Immuno- and targeted oncology</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IO has made giant strides with cured patients In last 1-2 years, multiple "targeted cancer" companies (drugs for mutations or sub-groups of broader population) have been acquired 	
<p>Gene Silencing</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First compounds market approved last year Administered via the bloodstream, in principle RNAi therapeutics permit any gene that is responsible for causing illness to be silenced 	
<p>Gene editing / therapy</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Potential to cure genetic disease with a one time treatment Gene editing is the process of changing, replacing, or removing genes with precision of a single base pair change if desired 	
<p>Immunology and Inflammation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Novel approaches focussing on IL- (cytokine) pathways Antibodies have had a terrific run, but small molecules are making a comeback for I&I, promising oral dosing, ease of travel, transport and safety of dose withdrawal 	
<p>Neurology</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New safety benefit drugs will be used and reimbursed by payers (without abuse liability) Dementia psychosis, agitation, behavioral market has blockbuster potential 	
<p>Complement disorders</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The complement system helps prevent infection and fight off invading pathogens like bacteria. But hyperactivation of the complement system can lead to autoimmunity and inflammatory diseases. 	

Innovationen kommen in Zyklen...

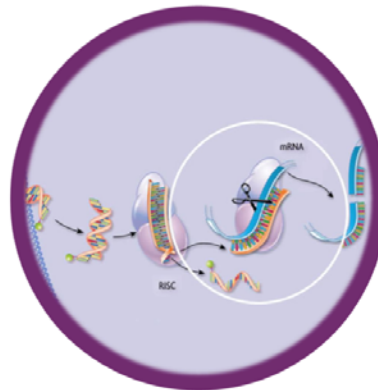
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Und es dauert seine Zeit (Beispiel Alnylam / Gen-Stillegung: Erste Produktezulassung in 2018)

RNAi Therapeutics: New Class of Innovative Medicines

Clinically Proven Approach with Transformational Potential

- Nobel Prize-winning science
- Silence any gene in genome
- Potent and durable mechanism of action
- Product engine for sustainable pipeline
- Now commercial



From Observation to Nobel Prize to Innovative Medicines in ~3 Decades



First scientific report of RNAi phenomenon in which Napoli and Jorgensen report that violet petunias turned white instead of a deeper violet¹

letters to nature

potent and specific genetic interference by double-stranded RNA in *Caenorhabditis elegans*
 Andrew Fire, Ellen Xu, Ray K. Montgomery, Steven A. Kachar, Robert W. Ghosh, & Craig C. Mello

Fire and Mello published a paper that reported a potent gene silencing effect in worms and coined the term RNA interference²



Alnylam founded with a core focus on developing RNAi therapeutics



Fire and Mello awarded the 2006 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine



APOLLO, first Phase 3 trial for a RNAi therapeutic, meets primary and all secondary endpoints; APPROVED in U.S. and EU



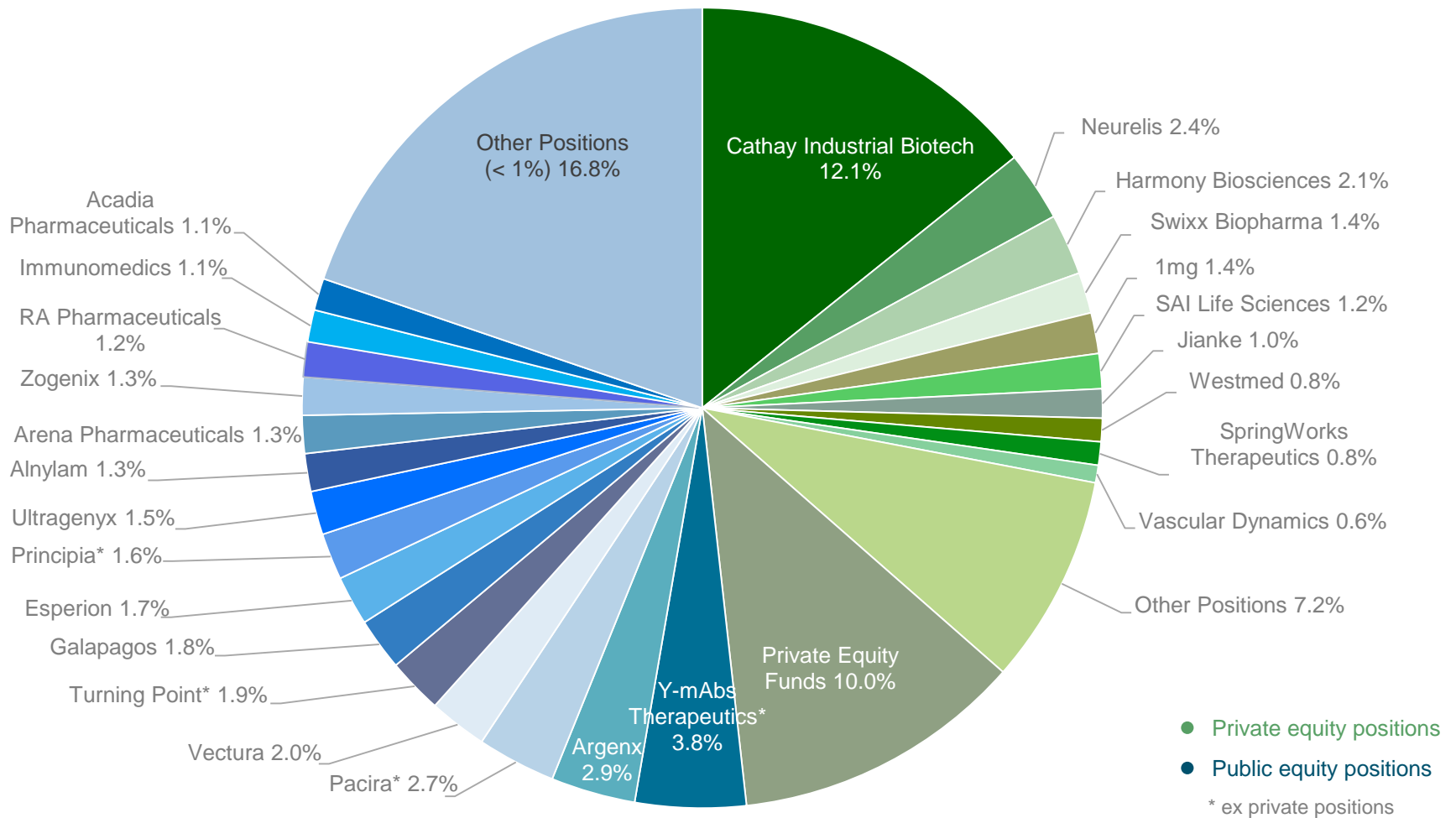
Quelle: Alnylam

HBM's Portfolio - Global investiert

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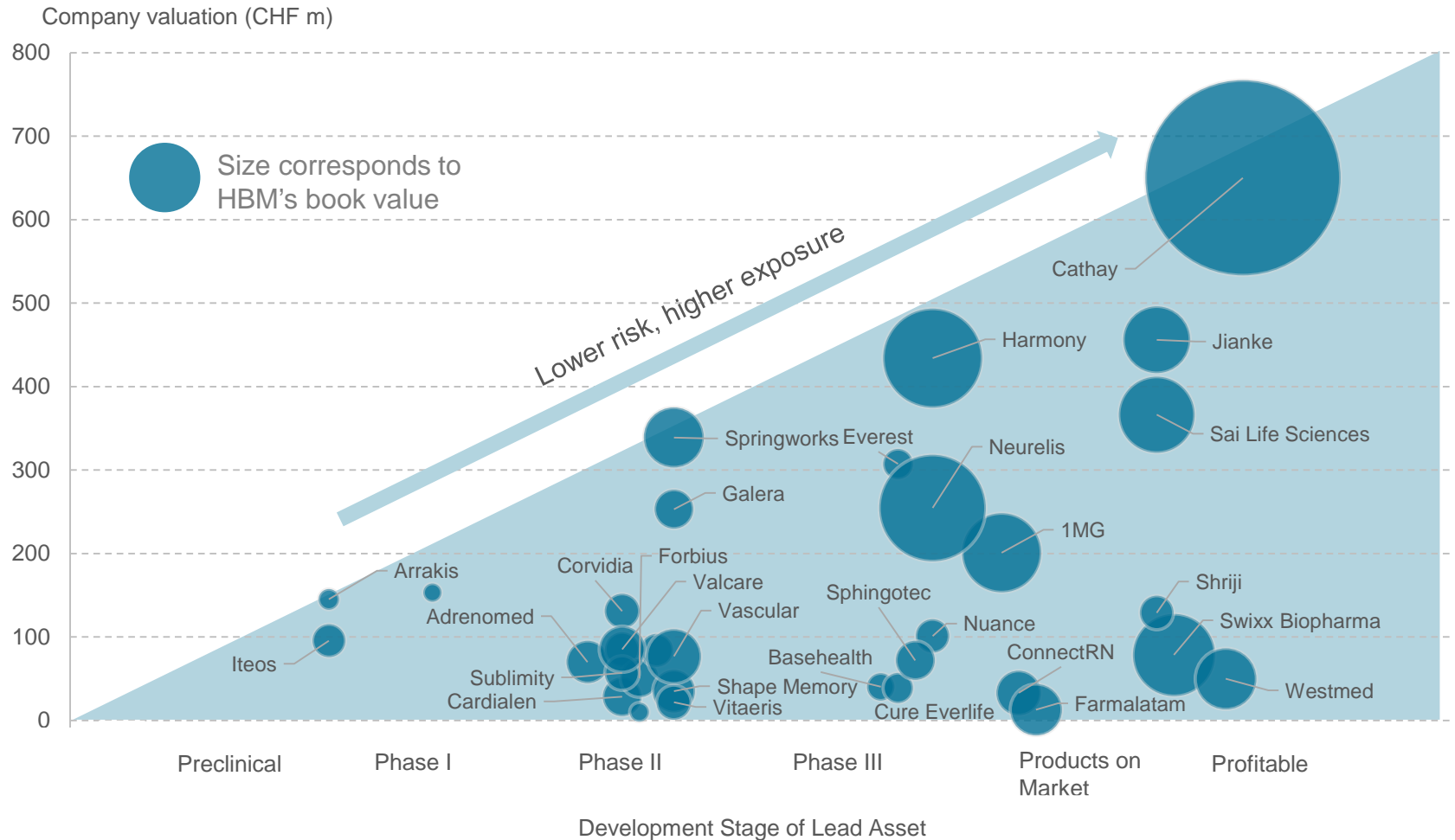


HBM's Portolio per Ende Mai 2019



Quelle: HBM Research, Daten per 31 Mai 2019, in % of assets, Top 10 Positionen (Direktinvestitionen): 33.4%

Private Gesellschaften - Portfolio Positionierung



Private Gesellschaften mit grossem Wertsteigerungspotential

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- Long-chain dicarboxylic acids / bio-based diamine 5
- Strong revenue growth and profitable
- Potentially first company with a commercial scale production of bio-based diamine 5

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- Diazepam (Valtoco) nasal spray for use in breakthrough epilepsy seizures
- NDA filed, orphan designation in the US and EU
- Major unmet need in epilepsy patients, where no drug is approved for controlling break through seizures

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- Narcolepsy (with and without cataplexy)
- NDA acceptance and priority review for Pitolisant
- First-in-class, selective, histamine H3 inverse agonist which promotes wakefulness (alertness and attention), and reduces the frequency of cataplectic episodes, limited abuse potential

22



- Full representation service in CEE markets
- Profitable company with net sales exceeding EUR 70 million in 2018; high double-digit sales growth for 2019
- Signed agreements with 17 multinationals across 17 countries

21



- India's leading online pharmacy, medicines app and health platform
- Strong sales growth
- Highest ranked medical app on the Indian Google play-store

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- Smart care platform (online pharmacy, chronic disease management service center)
- Commercial stage
- One of the top three on-line pharmacy and healthcare on-line services businesses in China

Size corresponds to HBM's book value (in Mio. CHF)

Vielversprechende kotierte Gesellschaften

35

59



- Pediatric oncology (neuroblastoma), radio-immunotherapy
- Filing for both lead compounds with the FDA expected in 2019

45



- Severe autoimmune diseases (MG, ITP, PV)
- Novel antibody-based therapies, combining the diversity of the llama immune system with antibody engineering
- Positive proof-of-concept clinical data for lead antibody ARGX-113, in the treatment of myasthenia gravis (MG)

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- Cholesterol-lowering drugs, alternative to statins
- Bempedoic Acid (BA) is an orally available drug that lowers LDL ("bad" cholesterol)
- Phase III results showed sizable and consistent LDL reduction (by BA) on top of standard of care
- First FDA approval expected in H2 2019

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- Autoimmune / inflammatory diseases and oncology
- PRN1008, a reversible covalent BTK inhibitor
- Highly differentiated and potentially best-in-class small molecule drug platform
- Phase II top-line results in ITP expected in Q4 2019

20



- RNAi targeting therapies
- Patisiran which targets TTR amyloidosis was the first approved product in 2018
- Pivotal data for givosiran (porphyria), lumasiran and fitusiran expected over the course of 2019

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- Immune and inflammatory-mediated diseases (ulcerative colitis, chronic kidney disease)
- Potential best-in-class safety for Etrasimod (currently completed phase II) among S1P's

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- Complement-mediated diseases (aHUS, MG)
- Potential competitive threat to Alexion's Soliris due to convenience of SC dosing and planned discounted pricing strategy

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- Antibody drug conjugate, solid tumors
- Sacituzumab govitecan targeting Trop-2
- Impressive data in 3rd-line, triple negative breast cancer, which led to breakthrough designation from FDA

Neuzugang VielaBio



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- ▶ Stage of lead asset: pre-BLA, pivotal (phase III) trials completed
- ▶ Invested amount: USD 20 million
- ▶ HBM ownership: 2.7% (with board seat)
- ▶ Origin of the company: The team from Astra Zeneca's inflammation and autoimmune division together with 6 programs, 4 clinical and 2 preclinical, was transferred into Viela on the back of a \$250m Series A financing by 6 Dimensions Capital, Boyu Capital and Hillhouse Capital.

- ▶ Lead asset is an **anti-CD19 antibody (Inebilizumab)** – BLA filing in 2019 in an orphan CNS autoimmune indication – Neuromyelitis optica.
 - With >10,000 patients in US alone, Viela's drug can reach peak sales of > USD 500 million a year
 - Potential to be used as a first-line treatment, eventually displacing Rituxan and immunosuppressants, which are now first-line treatment (albeit off-label)
 - Differentiated clinical and safety profile as compared to competition (Soliris/Alexion and Satralizumab/Roche)
 - Clinicians are comfortable with B-cell depletion as MOA (much more so than competitors' MOA) and also find the dosing regimen fitting well into standard clinical practice (once every 6 months)
 - Inebilizumab will be expanded into other autoimmune indications – Transplant desensitisation, Myasthenia Gravis, IgG4-related diseases

Entwicklungspipeline – Mehrere Programme

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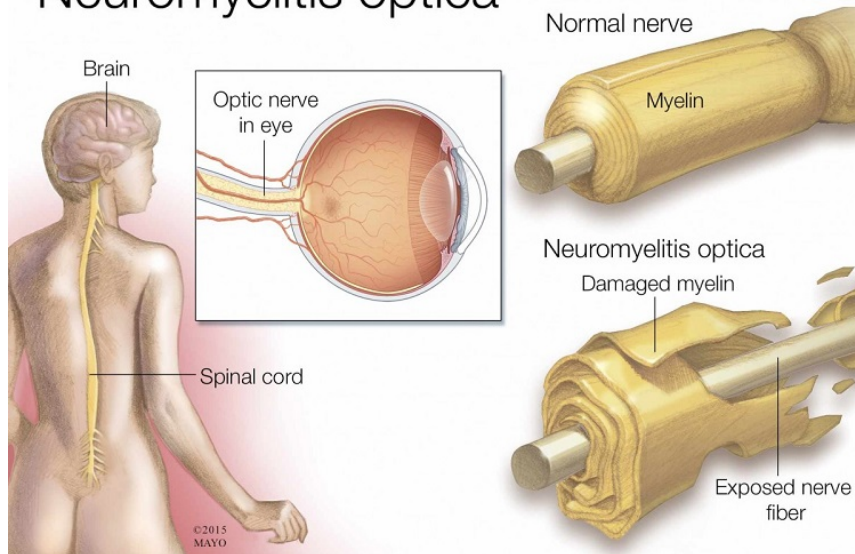
Molecule	Mechanism	Disease state	Development stage
Inebilizumab	CD19 mAb	Neuromyelitis Optica	Phase 3 complete
VIB4920	Anti-CD40L-Tn3 fusion protein	Autoimmune	Phase 2 ready
VIB7734	ILT7 mAb	Autoimmune	Phase 1b
Research program¹	mAb to ligand	Autoimmune	Research
Research program	mAb fusion protein	Autoimmune	Research

1. Partnered with AstraZeneca

Neuromyelitis Optica (NMO) spectrum disorders (NMOSD)

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Neuromyelitis optica



- ▶ Inflammatory disorder of CNS characterized by severe, immune-mediated demyelination and axonal damage predominantly targeting the optic nerves and spinal cord, but also the brain and brainstem.
- ▶ Natural history of NMO is one of stepwise deterioration due to accumulating visual, motor, sensory, and bladder deficits from recurrent attacks. Attacks most often occur over days, with variable degrees of recovery over weeks to months. Long-term disability and mortality rates are high.
- ▶ NMOSD is distinguished from MS and other central nervous system inflammatory disorders by the presence of the disease-specific aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody, which plays a direct role in the pathogenesis.
- ▶ NMOSD has clinical, MRI, laboratory, and immunopathological features distinct from multiple sclerosis. Some disease-modifying drugs for multiple sclerosis like interferon-beta, fingolimod, and natalizumab are ineffective or exacerbate.
- ▶ Treatment options limited:
 - Acute treatment: high-dose intravenous methylprednisolone and plasma exchange
 - Chronic treatment is off-label: long-term immunosuppression treatment with azathioprine, rituximab, or mycophenolate for the prevention of attacks as soon as the diagnosis is made

Viel versprechende Phase III Daten für Inebilizumab

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Inebilizumab: Primary Endpoint
77% reduction in the risk of attack* for AQP4 (+) patients

	AQP4 Sero (+)		AQP4 Sero (-)		Total N = 230	
Primary Endpoint	Placebo N=52	Inebilizumab N=161	Placebo N=4	Inebilizumab N=13	Placebo N=56	Inebilizumab N=174
# of subjects with an attack	22 (42.3%)	18 (11.2%)	0	3 (23.1%)	22 (39.3%)	21 (12.1%)
# of subjects censored	30 (57.7%)	143 (88.8%)	4 (100%)	10 (76.9%)	34 (60.7%)	153 (87.9%)
Hazard ratio		0.227 (0.121, 0.423)		N/A		0.272 (0.150, 0.496)
p-value		< 0.0001		0.9977		< 0.0001

* Reduction in the risk of attacks = 1 – hazard ratio

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2019

Q3

Valtoco:
US approval (Epilepsy cluster seizures)



DTX401: Phase I/II cohort 2 results (GSDIa)



DTX301: Phase I/II cohort 3 results (OTC deficiency)



Nuplazid (pimavanserin): Phase III (ENHANCE) top-line data (schizophrenia)



Pitolisant:
US approval (Narcolepsy with/without cataplexy)



Inclisiran: Phase III (ORION) results (hypercholesterolemia)



Q4

ETC-1002 bempedoic acid: Phase II top-line results (type 2 diabetes)



Etrasimod (APD334): Phase IIa data (primary biliary cholangitis)



IMMU-132 (sacituzumab govitecan): Phase II BLA re-submission (mTNBC)



Nuplazid (pimavanserin): Phase III (HARMONY) interim data (DRP)



CLN6: Phase I/II - 2 year data (batten disease)



Exparel: Phase III (PLAY) top-line results (post-operative pain)



Omburtamab B7-H3: US NDA Filing (CNS/LM from neuroblastoma)



Naxitamab GD2: US NDA Filing (R/R high-risk neuroblastoma)



PRN1008: Phase II data (ITP)



PRN1008: Phase II extension top-line data (pemphigus vulgaris)



Lumasiran: Phase III (Illuminate-A) results (hyperoxaluria)



RE-024 (Fosmetpantotenat): Phase III (FORT) top-line data (PKAN)



2020

H1

PFIC (Odevixibat): Phase III top-line data (pediatric liver)



Fintepla (fenfluramine): EMA Decision (pre-market) (dravet syndrome)



Fintepla (fenfluramine): Phase III data (lennox-gastaut syndrome)



Lumasiran: Phase III (Illuminate-B) results (hyperoxaluria)



ALN-AS1 (Givosiran): US Approval (acute hepatic porphyrias)



Fitusiran: Phase III (ATLAS) topline results (haemophilia)



Nuplazid (pimavanserin): Phase III (HARMONY) final data (DRP)



OBE2109 (Linzagolix): primary endpoint data PRIMROSE 1 and 2 (uterine fibroids)



NASH (Elobixibat): Phase II top-line data (adult liver)



Filgotinib: Phase IIb/III (SELECTIVITY) results (Ulcerative colitis)



ARGX-113 (Efgartigimod): Phase II results (Pemphigus vulgaris)



ARGX-113 (Efgartigimod): Phase III results (ADAPT) (gMG)



H2

Naxitamab GD2: Approval (R/R high-risk neuroblastoma)



Omburtamab B7-H3: Approval (CNS/LM from neuroblastoma)



Sparsentan: Phase III (DUPLEX) top-line data (FSGS)



Repotrectinib: Phase II (TRIDENT-1) interim data (non small cell lung cancer)



Filgotinib: US approval (rheumatoid arthritis)



ETC-1002 bempedoic acid: US & EU approval (hyperlipidaemia)



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2019
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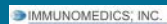


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